PROTECTION OF CIVILIANS

Scenario Base Exercise

**Peace Agreement**



**AGREEMENT TO RESOLVE THE CRISIS IN CARANA**

**We, the undersigned:**

*Recognize* there is no military solution to the crisis affecting Carana, and that a sustainable peace can only be resolved through political dialogue and a spirit of reconciliation,

*Understand* the need to take bold decisions,

*Agree* to immediately cease all hostile activity and further agree to facilitate the deployment of monitors from the United Nations and the CRC,

Hereby agree as follows:

**ARTICLE I**

1.1 A Government of National Reconciliation, fairly representative of the ethnic diversity of Carana, will be set up immediately following the ceasefire to ensure a return to peace and stability. It will be charged with strengthening the independence of the justice system, restoring the administration and public services, restructuring the security forces and rebuilding the country.

1.2 The Government of National Reconciliation (GNR) will be led by a consensus Prime Minister who will remain in office until the next Presidential election, in which he will not be able to stand as a candidate.

1.3 The GNR will conduct free and fair elections within 12 months of the signing of this agreement.

1.4 The GNR will immediately set up a national human rights commission to ensure protection of rights and freedoms in Carana and investigate abuses. The commission will be made up of delegates of all parties and be chaired by a person accepted by all.

**ARTICLE II**

2.1 A ceasefire is hereby established throughout the territory of Carana, between the signatory belligerents. The ceasefire shall enter into force upon signature and the implementation will be effected as soon as possible.

2.2. The ceasefire covers all warlike acts by air, land and sea, as well as all acts of sabotage and incitement of ethnic hatred, and requires disengagement of opposing forces as defined hereafter.

2.3 The final cessation of hostilities shall enter into force within xxx after the signing of the ceasefire.

2.4 Details of the ceasefire and its monitoring by the United Nations are attached to this agreement at Annex1.

**ARTICLE III**

3.1 The GNR will endeavour to facilitate humanitarian operations to aid the victims of the conflict throughout the country. Based on the report of the national human rights commission, mentioned in Article 1.4 above, it will take steps to compensate and rehabilitate victims.

**ARTICLE IV**

4.1 The GNR will establish a national commission to oversee disarmament of former combatants and the restructuring of the military and police forces.

4.2 The GNR will, immediately upon taking office, attend to rebuilding an army committed to the values of integrity and professionalism and representative of the ethnic diversity of Carana. The GNR will, as soon as practical begin the restructuring of the defence and security forces, including the police forces and may, for this purpose, receive the counsel of outside advisers.

4.3 In order to contribute to restoring the security of persons and property throughout the national territory, the GNR will organise the regrouping and subsequent disarming of all non-government forces. It will ensure that no mercenaries remain within the country's borders.

4.4 Those ex-combatants of the CDF, MPC and CISC who wish to be integrated into the new restructured national armed forces may do so provided they meet established criteria, and that the armed forces reflect the geo-political structure of Carana within the established strength, which shall not exceed 10,000.

**(Signed)**

**FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF CARANA**

**FOR THE MPC**

**FOR THE CISC**

**(Witnessed by)**

**FOR THE UNITED NATIONS**

**FOR THE CONTINENT REGIONAL COALITION**

Annex 1

**PROVISIONS FOR A CEASEFIRE**

1 The disengagement of forces shall mean the immediate breaking of tactical

contact between the opposing Military Forces of the Parties to this Agreement

at places where they are in direct contact by the effective date and time of the

Cease-Fire Agreement.

2 Where immediate disengagement is not possible, a framework and sequence of disengagement is to be agreed by all Parties through the Joint Commission for the Ceasefire (JCC).

3 The immediate disengagement of all military units shall be limited to the effective range of direct fire weapons. Further disengagement to pull all weapons out of range, shall be conducted under the guidance of the JCC.

4 The Carana Defence Forces (CDF) will withdraw all armored vehicles and weapons larger than Caliber .50in from Tereni, Koloni, Mahbek and Leppko provinces.

5 The resupply of weapons, ammunition or other lethal logistical supplies will cease by the effective date and time of this agreement.

6 A complete ban on any mine-laying operations will come into effect by the effective date and time of the Cease-Fire Agreement.

7 Any attempt to hinder or prevent operations to remove mines will be considered a breach of the terms of the ceasefire agreement.

8 Upon the cease-fire taking effect, all Parties shall provide International Committee of the Red Cross/Red Crescent with relevant information concerning their prisoners of war or persons detained because of the war. They shall subsequently accord every assistance to the ICRC representatives to enable them to visit the prisoners and detainees and verify any details and ascertain their condition and status.

9 On the coming into force of the Agreement, the Parties shall release persons detained because of the war or taken hostage within three days of the signing of the Cease-fire Agreement and the ICRC/Red Crescent shall give them all the necessary assistance including relocation to any provinces within Carana or any other country where their security will be guaranteed.

10 All domestic and external propaganda between the parties and any other action aimed at inciting ethnic hatred will cease by the effective date and time of the Cease-Fire Agreement.

11 All acts of violence against the civilian population will cease by the effective date and time of the Cease-Fire Agreement. This includes acts of revenge; summary executions; torture; harassment; detention and persecution of civilians on the basis of ethnic origin, religious beliefs, or political affiliation; arming of civilians; use of child soldiers; sexual violence; sponsoring or promotion of terrorists or genocidal ideologies.

**ROLE OF THE UNITED NATIONS**

1 The verification and control of the ceasefire will be overseen by a United Nations mandated mission and will include the establishment of a Joint Ceasefire Commission (JCC) chaired by the UN, and Joint Liaison Teams (JLTs) that will function at national, provincial and local levels.

2 The JCC will be composed of appointed representatives of all parties and the UN. It shall be established immediately upon signing of the Peace Agreement.

3 All parties will provide details to the JCC giving the strength and locations of their forces. In view of the sensitivity of such information the head of the JCC is to make provision for its appropriate handling. All CDF soldiers and Mouvement Patriotique de Carana (MPC) and Combattants Indépendants du Sud Carana (CISC) members shall be registered.

4 The JCC shall be based in Galasi and shall be headed by the UN, which will define its tasks and duties. Rules of procedure will be drafted in consultation with the parties and these will be promulgated through the JCC. The JCC shall report formally to the GNR on a regular basis.

5 The JCC will establish the JLTs and make appropriate arrangements for reporting and dealing with issues that are brought to its attention, specifically any issues requiring arbitration between the parties or violations of the ceasefire.

6 The JLTs will be composed of representatives of all signatories, and led by officers of the UN. The JLTs will be responsible to the JCC.

7 The JLTs will facilitate communication between parties in order to reduce the likelihood of violations of the Ceasefire Agreement and to clarify alleged violations of the agreement. They will thereby assist in building confidence amongst signatories and help create trust in the peace process.